

Open-source statistical analysis and visualization





What is R?

- Open-source software for advanced statistical analysis and data visualization
- Interpreted language designed for statistical programming
 - Virtually all statistical and predictive analytic methods available
 - Create analysis in a fraction of the time compared to C++,
 Python, SAS, SPSS, ...
- www.r-project.org



R History

- Late 70's / Early '80s: S language invented at AT&T Bell Labs
- 1983-1992: S version 3
 - 1998: Chambers wins ACM Software Systems award for S
- 1993: R Gentleman and R Ihaka create R
 - 1995: Released under GPL v2
- 1997: R Core Group formed
- 2001: R 1.0.0 released

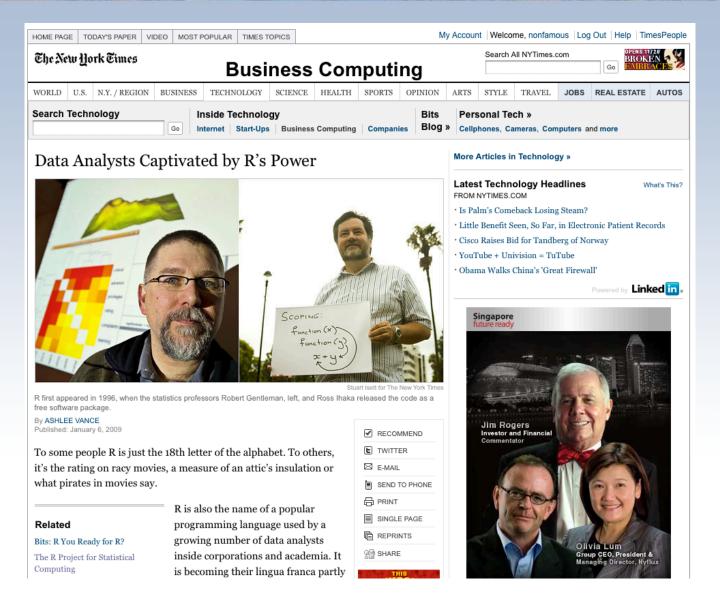


R Today

- Oct 2009: R 2.10.0 released
- 2M+ users (estimated)
 - Google, Facebook, Pfizer, Bank of America, New York Times
- 2000+ contributed packages
 - cran.r-project.org
- Annual international user group meeting
- Commercially supported by Revolution Computing



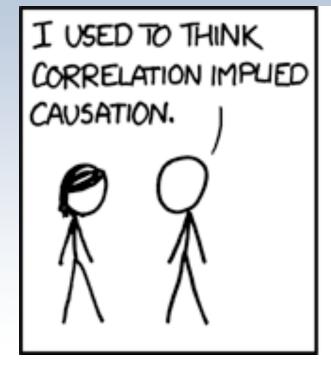
Momentum behind R

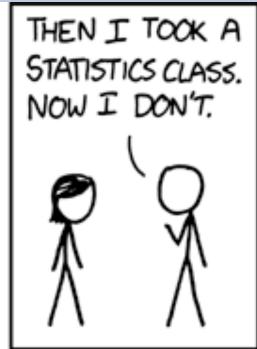


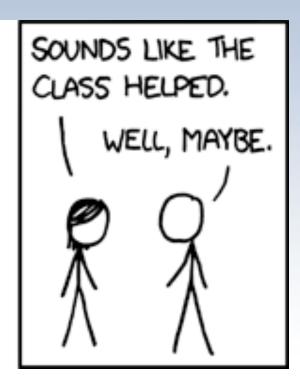


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What is Statistics?







http://xkcd.com/552/



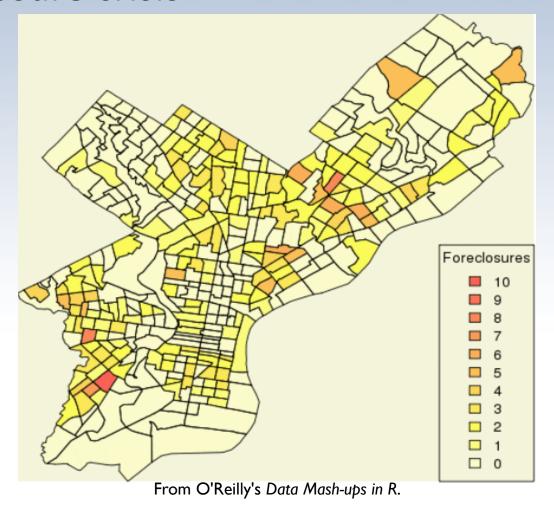
REvolution Computing: The "R" Company

- REvolution R
 - Free, high-performance binary distribution of R
- REvolution R Enterprise
 - Subscription-based version, bundled with proprietary extensions
 - Fully supported, validated
- R Consulting and Training
- R Community Development
 - R Evangelism (blog.revolution-computing.com)
 - R community portal
 - Technical and financial contributions to R Project



What can you do with R?

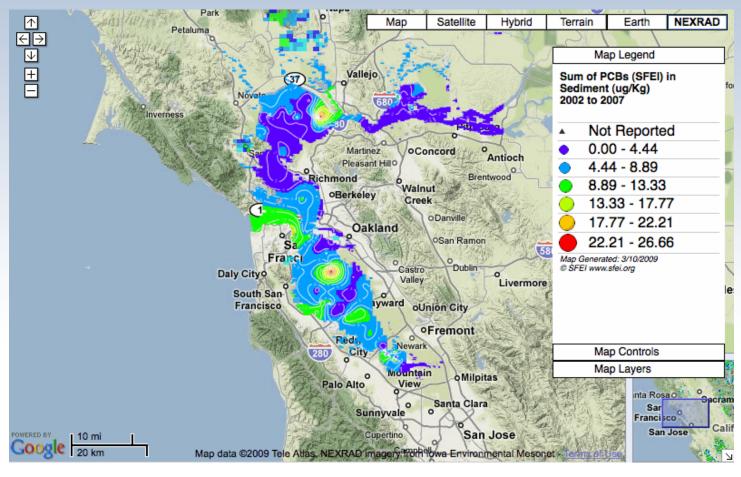
Mash-up messy data sources to analyze the foreclosure crisis





What can you do with R?

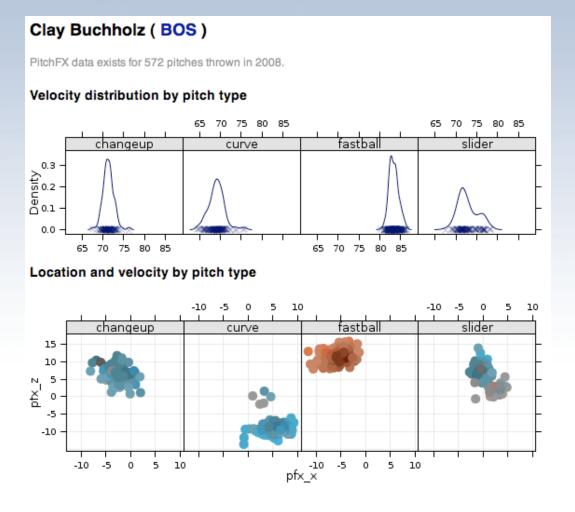
Find a clean place to surf in the Bay Area





What can you do with R?

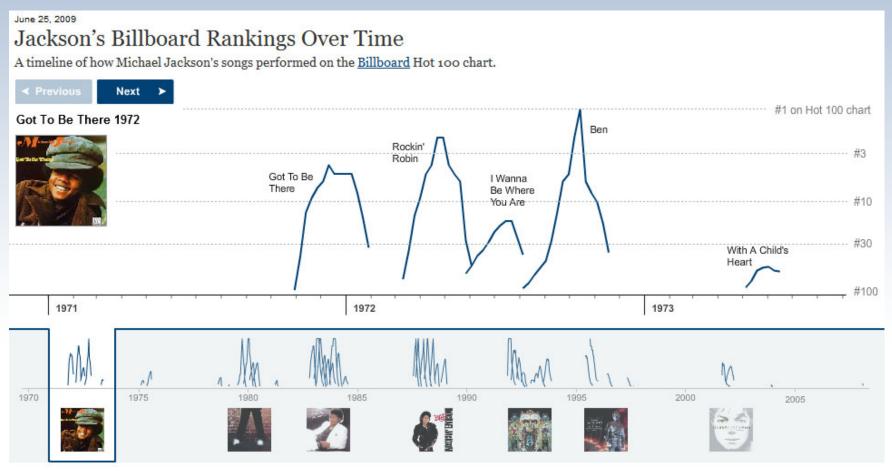
Compare baseball player performance





R saves time for the New York Times

Published 3 hours after Jackson's death:





Getting Started with R on Ubuntu (Karmic)

```
$ sudo apt-get revolution-r
$ R
```

• R is interactive: type statements at the prompt, and the result is printed:

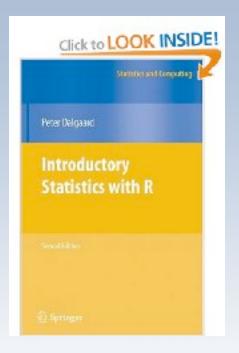
```
> x <- rnorm(10, mean=1, sd=2)
> mean(x)
```

[1] 1.695564



Learning R

- Introduction to R (free)
 - 20-minute tutorial: Appendix A
- Introductory Statistics with R
 - Peter Dalgaard
- R in a Nutshell (O'Reilly)



- Other resources for beginners:
 - www.revolution-computing.com/community/ resources.php
 - blog.revolution-computing.com/beginner-tips/

REvolution computing

ESS: An emacs-based GUI for R

- sudo apt-get install ess
- Start R in Emacs: M-x R

- http://ess.r-project.org
- ESS Reference Card:
 - http://ess.r-project.org/refcard.pdf



Let's do a simulation!

Is this your birthday?

January

6



Simulating birthdays

• A simple simulation:

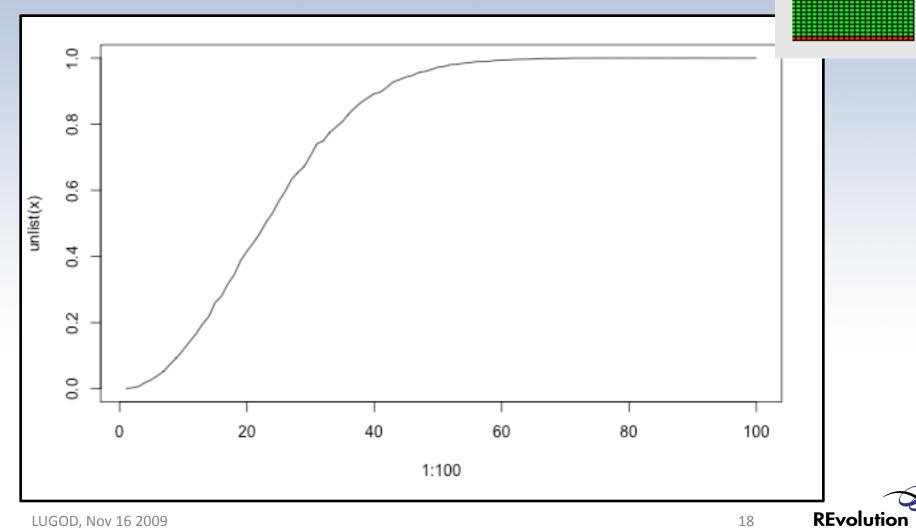
```
birthday <- function(n) {
  ntests <- 10000
  pop <- 1:365
  anydup <- function(i)
    any(duplicated(
      sample(pop, n, replace=TRUE)))
  sum(sapply(seq(ntests), anydup)) / ntests
}</pre>
```

 $x \leftarrow foreach (j=1:100) %dopar% birthday (j)$



Birthday Simulation

- > x <- foreach (j=1:100) %dopar% birthday (j)</pre>
- > plot(1:100, unlist(x),type="l")



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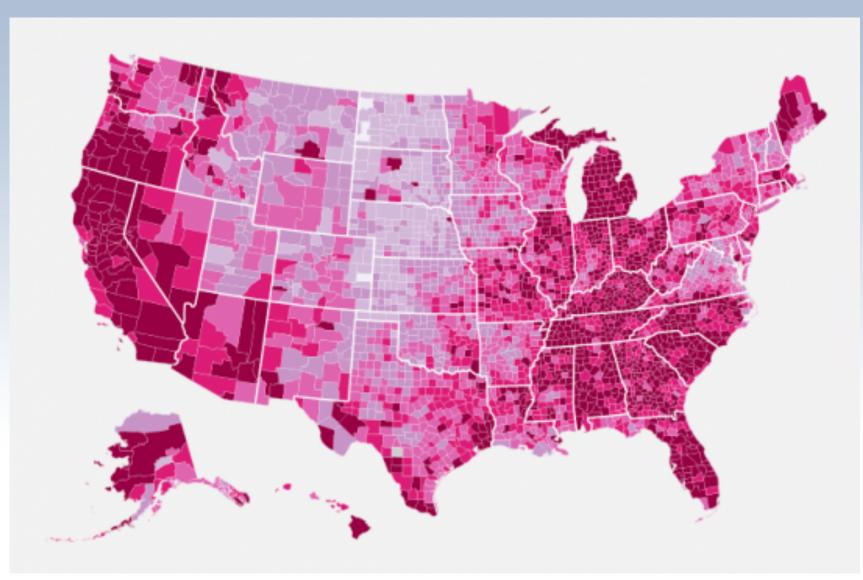
CPU Usage

More Examples

- Plotting unemployment data on a map
- Displaying financial data as a calendar heatmap
- Analyzing Twitter hashtags

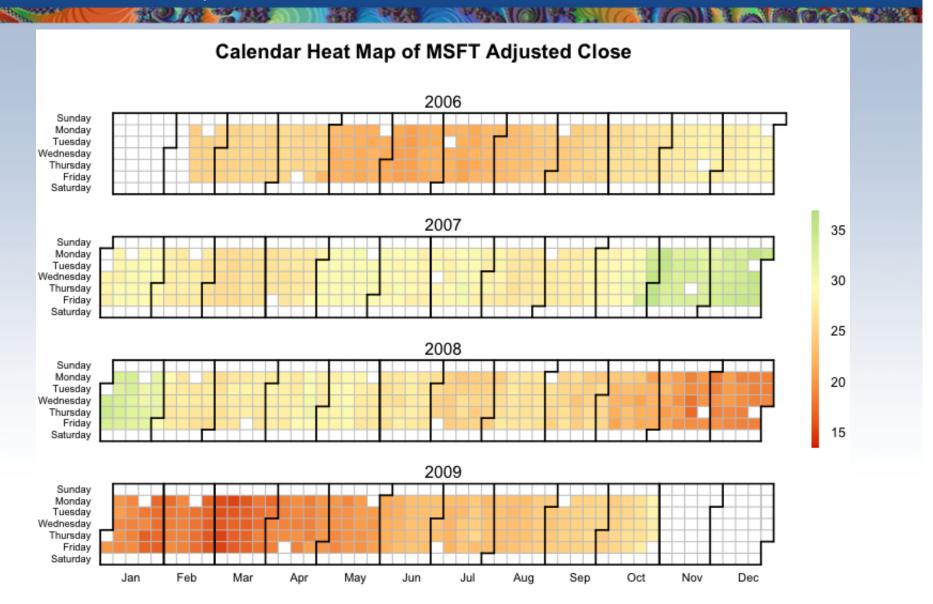


Unemployment data map





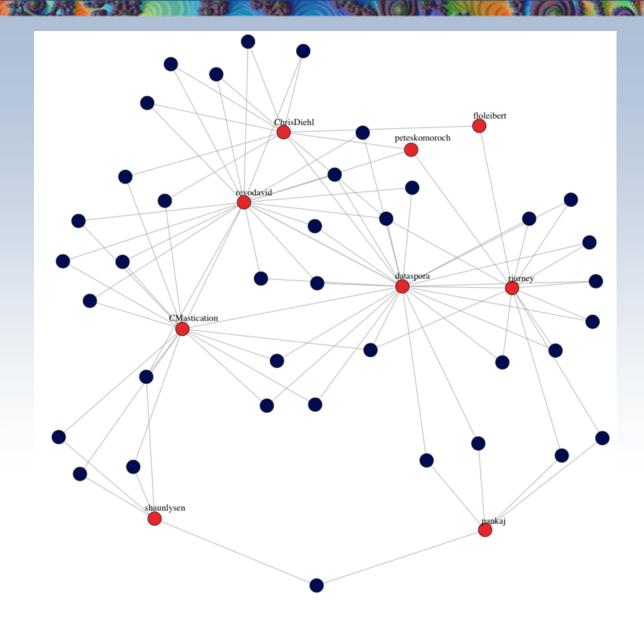
Calendar heat map





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Social network analysis with Twitter





Thank You!

- David Smith
 - david@revolution-computing.com, @revodavid
- Revolutions, the R blog
 - blog.revolution-computing.com
- R Project
 - www.r-project.org

- Links for this talk:
 - tinyurl.com/lugod-nov09

